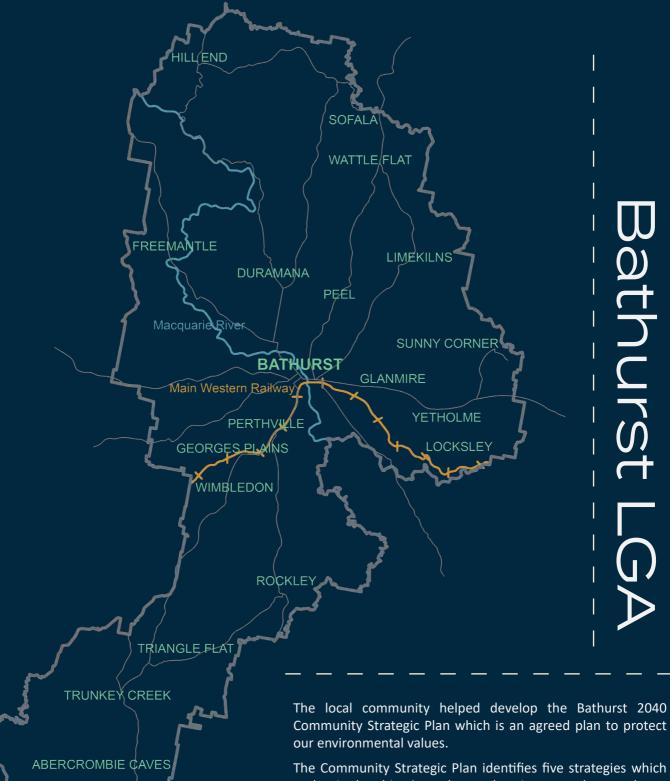


State of the Environment Snapshot

2019-20



underpin the objective to be good environmental stewards:

- Protect and improve natural areas and ecosystems, including the Macquarie River and other waterways
- Protect the City's water supply
- Minimise the City's environmental footprint, live more sustainably and use resources more wisely
- Protect and improve the region's biodiversity
- Increase resilience to natural hazards and climate change

The 2019/20 State of the Environment Report helps us track our progress towards this objective.



Water use by households is strongly correlated to rainfall.

Bathurst town
water supply comes
from Chifley Dam.
At the end of the
reporting period
Chifley Dam was
at approximately

38.7%

The 'Let's Make it Last' education campaign focused on helping residents and businesses achieve a major reduction in water use during the drought.



extreme level water restrictions commenced 14 October 2019

average litres per person per

day

26% less domestic water used than previous year 63%
less water use

per resident

thousand litres of water used per household



A trailer load of rubbish dumping by the numbers

\$20 Take to the Waste Management Centre

\$250-\$1500 Fine for dumping

\$150-\$500 Cost to ratepayers to clean up

17%

of kerbside
collected material
and waste delivered
to the Waste
Management and
Transfer stations
was diverted from
landfill

Council works with other agencies including the

NSW Environment Protection Authority, Forestry

Corporation and NSW Police and the local community to monitor activity, and to identify and penalise illegal dumpers.

Illegal dumping is a **costly issue** for Bathurst ratepayers. In **2019/20** Council Officers investigated **135 illegal dumping matters** and issued **several** penalty infringements.

Council facilities with Solar Panels

481 kW installed tonnes CO2e in avoided greenhouse

gas emissions

kW average system size 5.3% of Council's electricity consumption derived from its own solar

Council's Renewable Energy profile



Adopted June 2020

- Target of 15% improved electricity efficiency 2018/19 to 2023 with a 9.7% improvement achieved by 2019/20
- 25% of Council operations powered by Renewable Energy by 2023 and 50% by 2025

Council continues to support the transition to sustainable vehicles with electric vehicle charging infrastructure in Bathurst. Council installed two new charge stations at the new Bathurst Rail Museum: A Tesla Destination charger and a universal charger, as well as installing two chargers in the Civic Centre parking area. Council continues its trial of a Mitsubishi Outlander plug-in hybrid electric vehicle for staff use.

Total electricity use for the whole of the Bathurst Regional Council Local Government Area has been relatively stable 2019/20 to 2018/19. Business use has declined but this has been offset by higher energy use in homes. Energy exported to the grid from small scale solar continues to increase.

1.11 tonnes carbon dioxide (equivalent) emissions per

resident

Helpful hint:

1.11 tonnes of carbon dioxide gas would fill the average Australian home

Energy use at Council facilities per resident is declining. This year it was 1492 MJ per resident. Council spend on electricity and gas was \$3.32 million. The large 2019/20 decline can be partly attributed to reduced water pumping due to water restrictions and to the deployment of 5149 energy efficient LED Street Lights

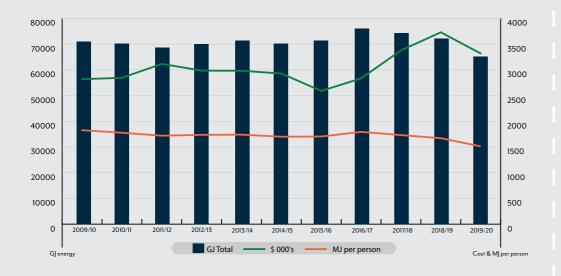
Helpful hint:

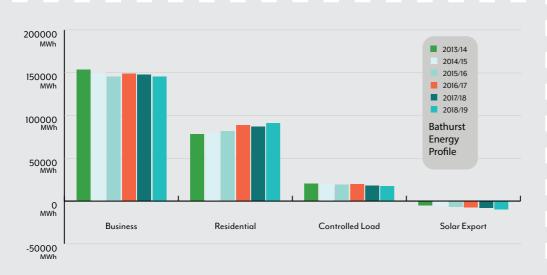
MW = a Megawatt or one million watts, which is enough to power an average 55-inch TV two hours per day for forty years!

79% of
Australians rank
solar in their top
three preferred
energy sources
compared to
Nuclear - 21%
Gas - 19%
Coal - 14%

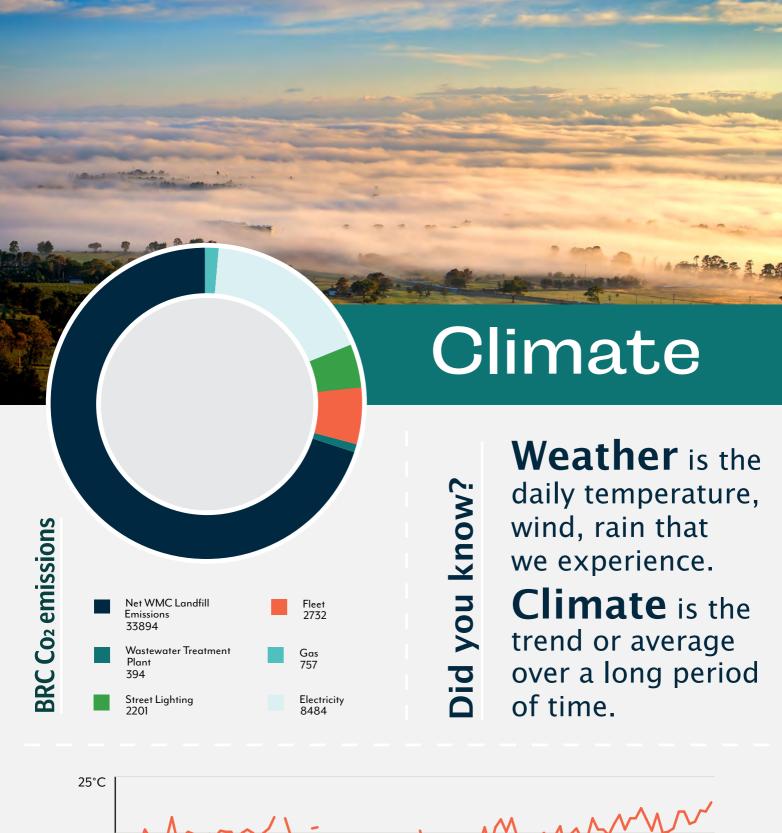
(The Australia Institute 2020)

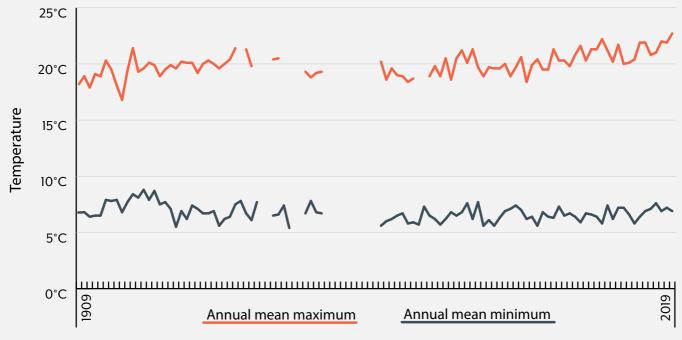
By June 2020
4118 solar
systems =
23.5 MW
solar
installed by
the Bathurst
Community





Weather conditions influence energy use of Council operations by the need to pump the town water supply and to heat and cool Council facilities.

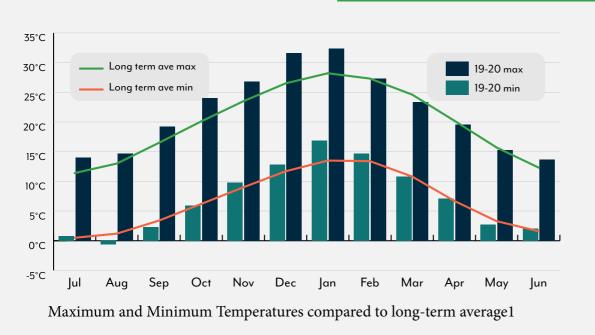




significantly hotter
than average during
2019/20. The average daily
maximum temperature in
December 2019 – January
2020 was at least 4°C
above average and
the year was 1.9°C
above average.

Bathurst experienced
the hottest average
maximum day-time
temperature on record for
2019/20 and continues
to be hotter on
average.

Weather



150mm Long Term Average 120mm 19-20 rainfall 90_{mm} 60_{mm} 30_{mm} 0_{mm} Oct Nov May Aug Sep Dec Feb Mar Jan

The first half of the reporting period experienced significantly less rainfall than the average whilst storms in March - May resulted in higher monthly totals later in the year.



Protecting our Waterways

Council continued a NSW Environmental Trust funded project to rehabilitate 1km of Macquarie River Riparian Corridor. Tree planting programs were also conducted along other creeks and rivers in the Region. These projects improve riparian (riverside) vegetation and connect to other rehabilitation projects and existing habitat areas. Increasing riparian habitat addresses key threats to the recovery of listed endangered species, populations and communities, such as the Booroolong Frog and Murray Cod.

Roadside Vegetation

Council implemented woody weedy control along 7km of Box-Gum Woodland on Duramana Road and The Bridle Track through grant funding from the Central Tablelands Local Land Services.

Did you know?

threatened bird species identified feral bird species in the top 6 most commonly seen

11,690